#### Cambodia's Agriculture Productivity: Challenges and Policy Direction

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December 16<sup>th</sup>, 2019

#### Outline

Introduction

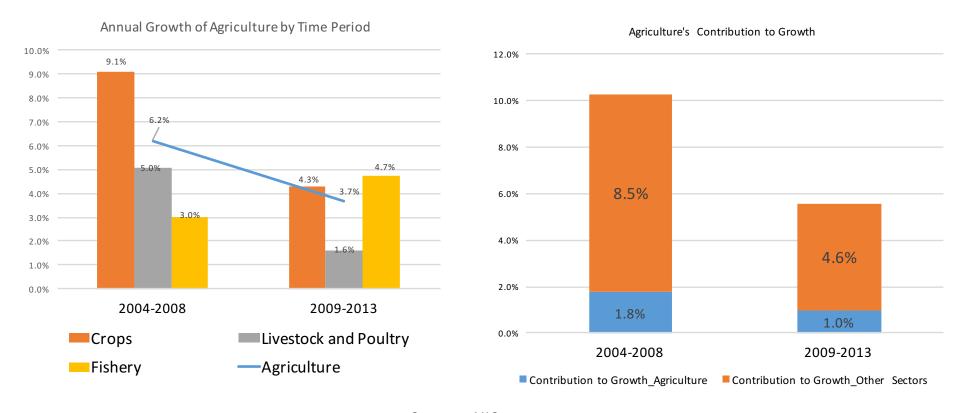
• Research Objectives, Analytical Framework and Literature Review

• Discussion of Research Findings

• Conclusion and Policy Recommendations

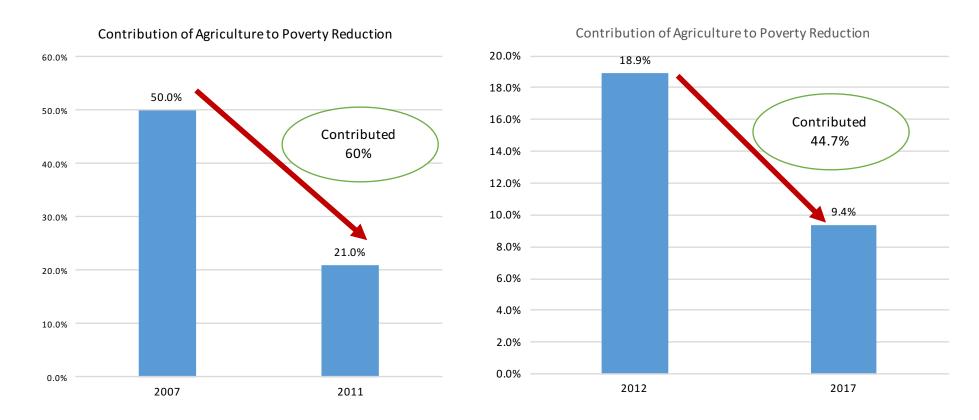
# 1. Introduction: Development of Agriculture Sector and Motivation of Study

#### Agriculture enjoyed strong growth during 2004-2013, mainly attributed to land expansion, introduction of new farming technique, and strong commodity prices....



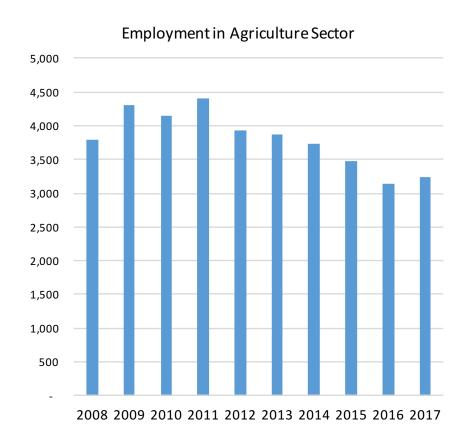
Source: NIS

### The remarkable growth of agriculture significantly contributed to poverty reduction.....

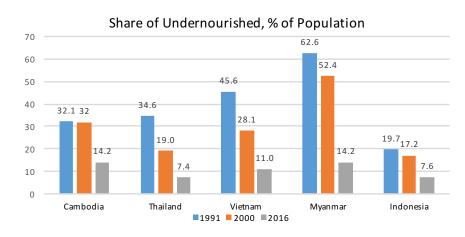


Source: World Bank and Author's Calculation based on CSES

#### ....and provided employment and addressed food security







Source: CSES, MAFF, and FAO

#### However....

"Strong growth of agriculture in the past becomes the history over the last five years: 2014-2018"

"Boosting Agriculture Productivity is the Key to accelerate agriculture growth"

### The government has regarded enhancement of agriculture productivity as the key priority, which is included in RS4...

Key Focuses of Agriculture Development in RS4

- (i) Enhancing productivity, quality, and diversification;
- (ii) Upgrading processing industry and commercialization,
- (iii) Promoting livestock and aquaculture,
- (iv) Promoting vegetable production aimed at import substitution,
- (v) Strengthening the management of economic land concessions;
- (vi) Prioritization of investment in irrigation systems.

# 2. Objectives, Analytical Framework of Study, and Literature Review

#### Research Objectives

- (1) To assess the current status of agriculture productivity growth including the growth of total factor productivity, land productivity and labor productivity in agriculture;
- (2) To identify the critical challenges affecting the weak performance of agriculture productivity growth;
- (3) To provide policy recommendations aimed at accelerating the growth of agriculture productivity—land productivity, labor productivity and total factor productivity in Cambodia's agriculture.

### Analytical Framework

Agriculture Productivity

Land Productivity

Performance Critical Issues Labor Productivity

Performance Critical Issues Total Factor Productivity (TFP)

> Performance Critical Issues

Macro Level: Law, Regulation, Policy, Public Investment etc.

Micro Level: R&D, Extension, Human Capital, Technology etc.

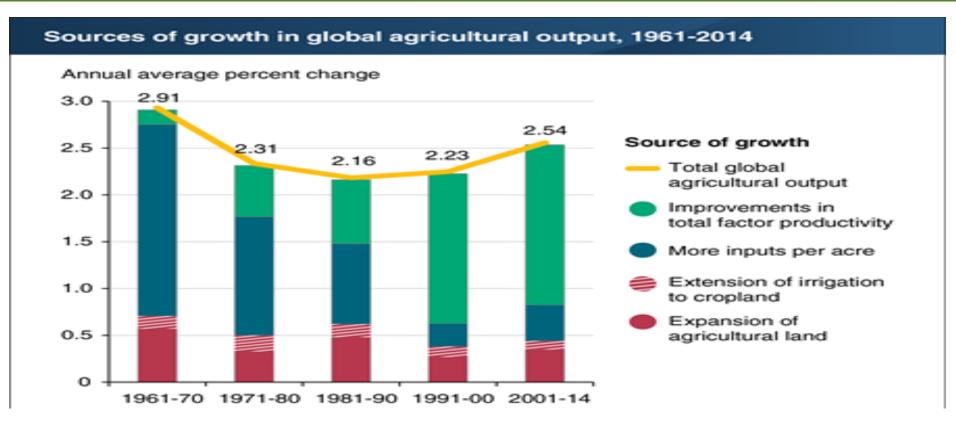
#### Concept of Agriculture Productivity

- Agriculture Productivity is measured as the Ratio of Agriculture Outputs to Agriculture Inputs.
- Land Productivity: Measures of land productivity—partial factor productivity (PFP) measures—are calculated as the ratio of total output to total agricultural area.

#### Concept of Agriculture Productivity

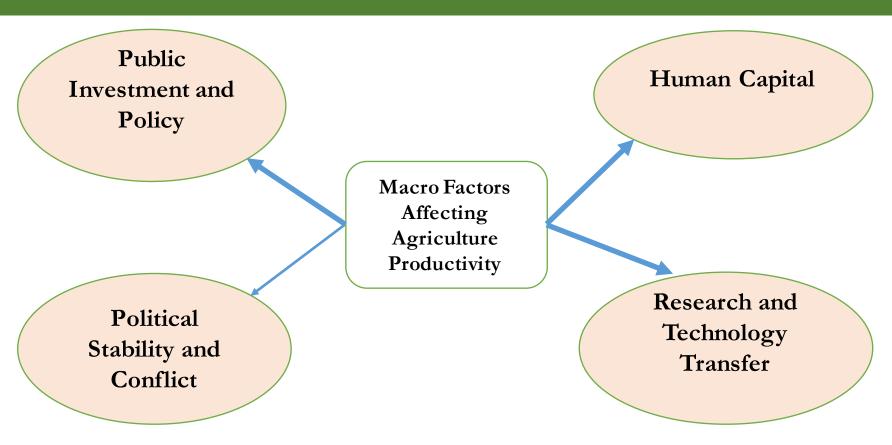
- Labour Productivity: Measures of labour productivity—partial factor productivity (PFP) measures—are calculated as the ratio of total output to the number of economically active persons in agriculture.
- TFP is an indicator of how efficiently agricultural land, labor, capital, and materials (agricultural inputs) are used to produce a country's crops and livestock (agricultural output).

Global experience clearly demonstrated that enhancement of agriculture productivity was very important to boost agriculture growth....



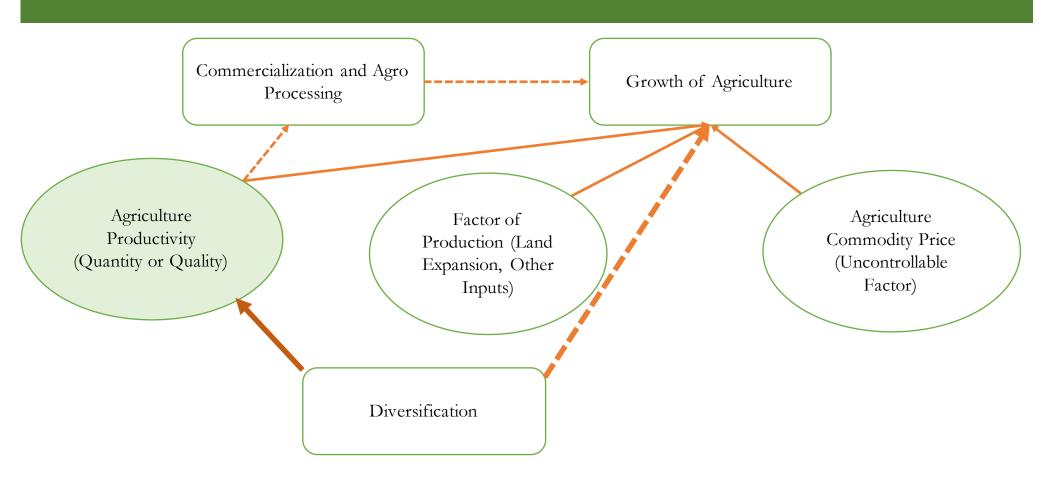
Source: USDA

#### Macro Factors Affecting Agriculture Productivity



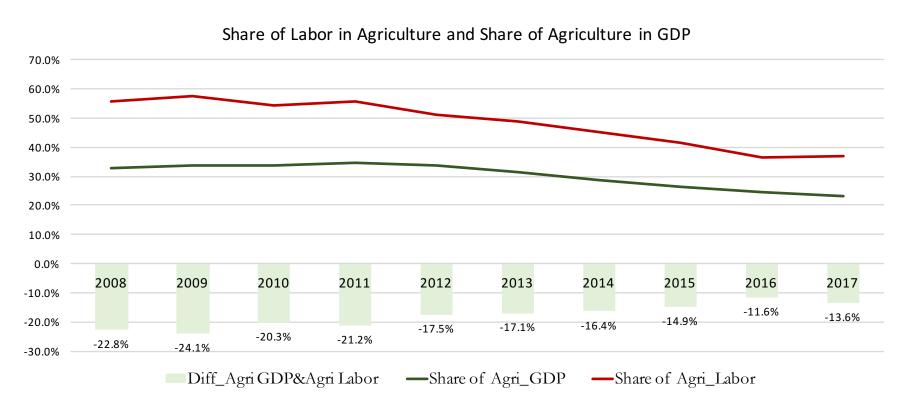
Source: FAO

#### Growth, Productivity, Commercialization and Diversification



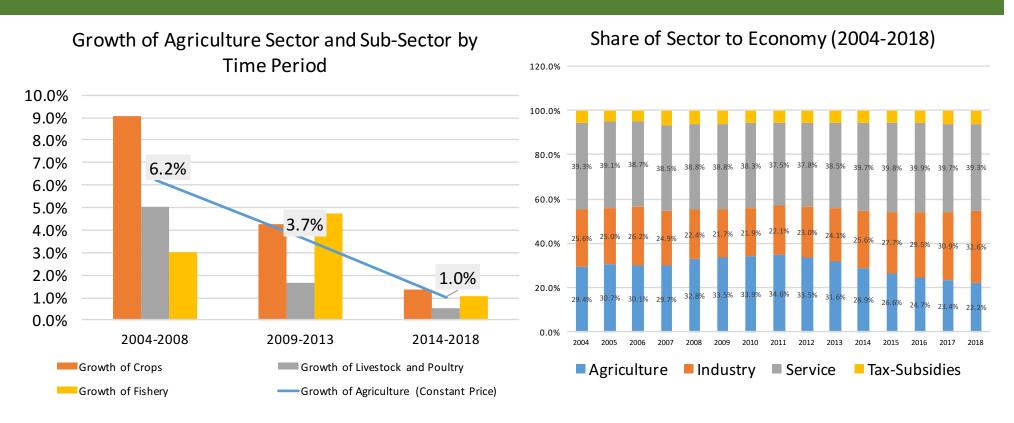
3. Discussion of Preliminary Findings

### Agriculture sector demonstrated remarkable structural transformation over the last five years....



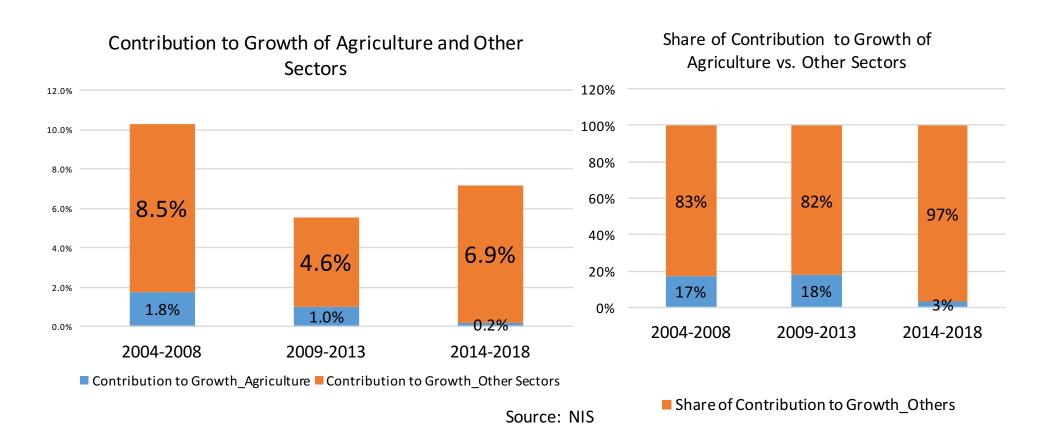
Source: CSES and NIS

### However, during 2014-2018, agriculture experienced much declining growth while its share to economy gets smaller....



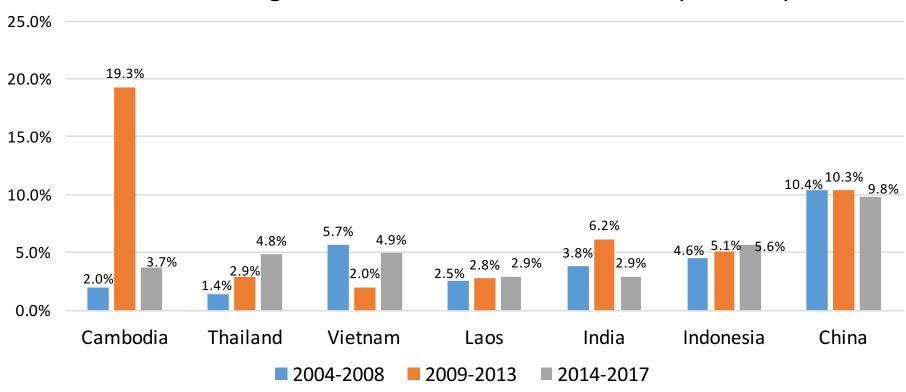
Source: NIS

### Much slower sectorial growth pushed its contribution to GDP growth to near zero...



And this weak growth performance has caused the agriculture value add per worker to extremely decelerate.....

#### Growth of Agriculture Value Add Per Worker by Country



Source: WDI

### Factors Affecting Decelerating Growth of Cambodia's Agriculture

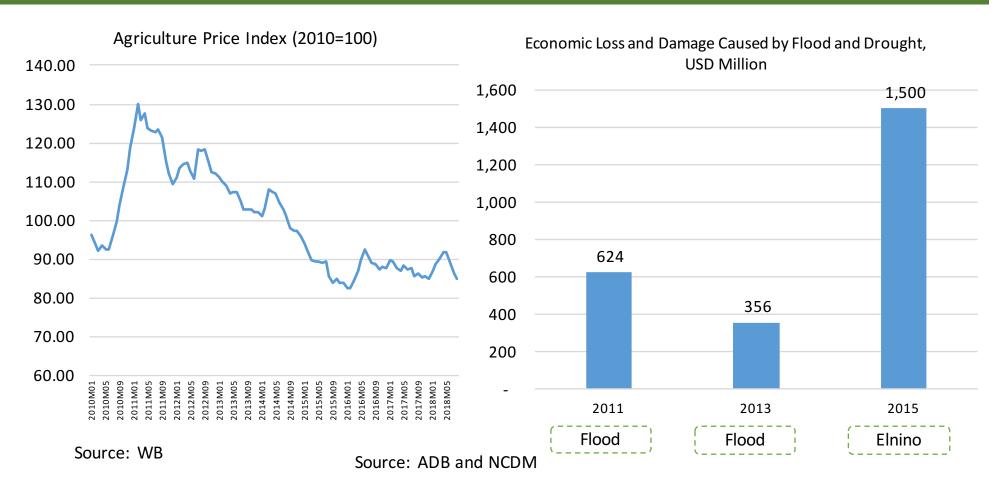
Slower
Growth of
Agriculture
Sector

1. Drop of Agriculture Commodity Price

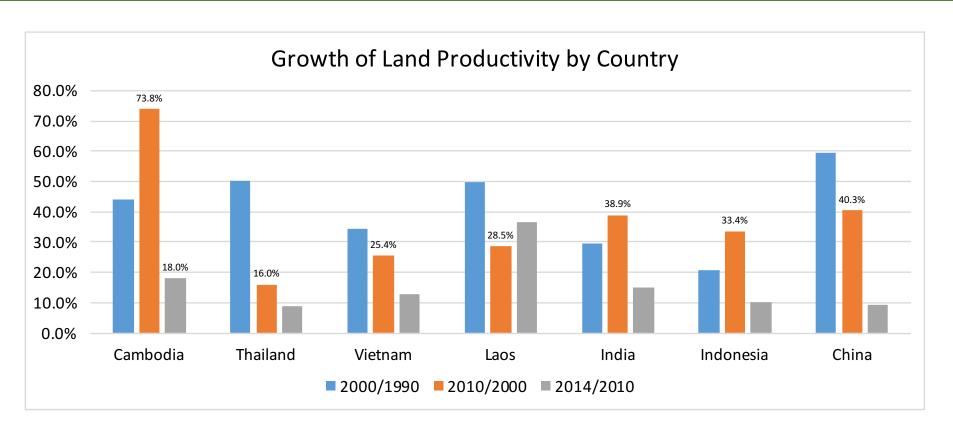
2. Extreme Weather Event

3. Decelerating Growth of Agriculture
Productivity (Land, Labor and TFP)

### The combined effect of agriculture commodity price drop and extreme weather on agriculture growth was significant....

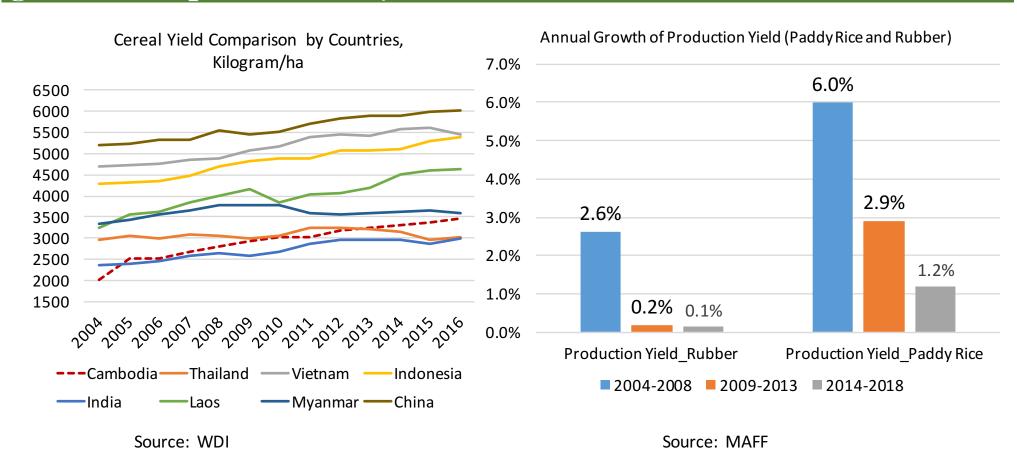


## Agriculture's land productivity growth keeps decelerating....



Source: GFPR 2018

### Softer growth of land productivity was reflected by declining growth of production yield..



### Slower growth of land productivity was caused by four main factors....

1. Degradation of Land Quality, Improper Use of Land, and Small Scale Farm Land

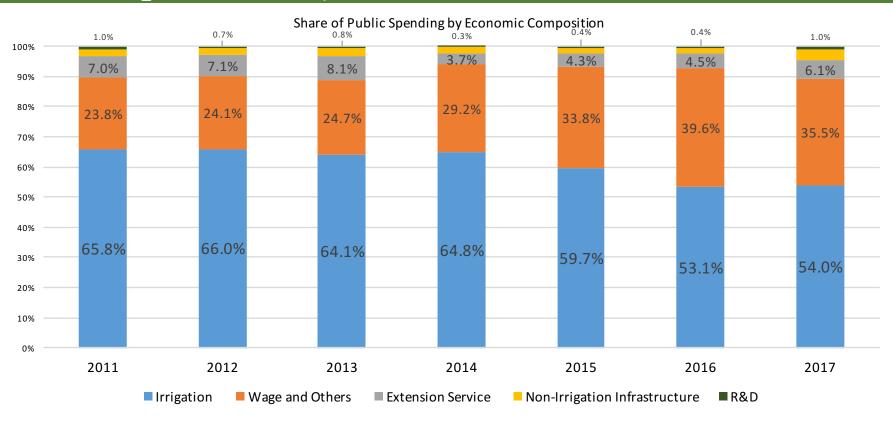
2. Limited access to water despite remarkable investment in irrigation scheme

Factors
Affecting
Land
Productivity

3. Inefficiency of Labor—sowing seeds, spraying pesticide and cutting crops etc.

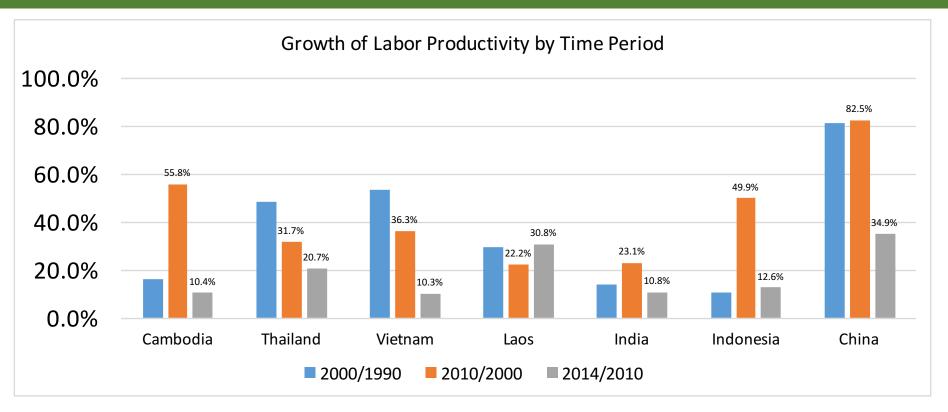
4. Low quality of agriculture inputs utilized (seeds, fertilizer, pesticide etc.)

### Limited spending on R&D could be the major constraint to boost land productivity.....



Source: MEF, CDC

### The growth of labor productivity was much decelerating if compared to other peer countries'.....



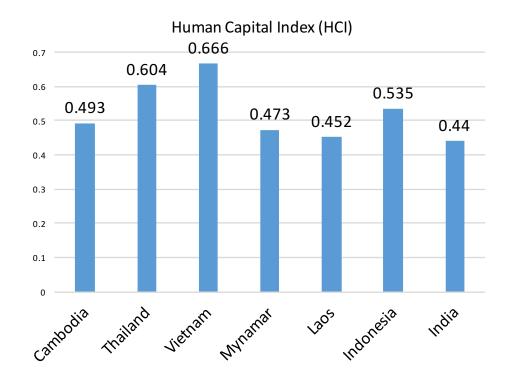
Source: GFPR 2018

Slower growth of agriculture labor productivity is attributed to relatively low farming technique caused by limited and not effective extension services....

- The annual public spending on extension services was estimated around 5.8 % of total public spending in agriculture.
- •However, large percentage of farmers still do not have proper farming technique.
- •Messages of agriculture extension delivered to farmers by key actors are not consistent and the same.

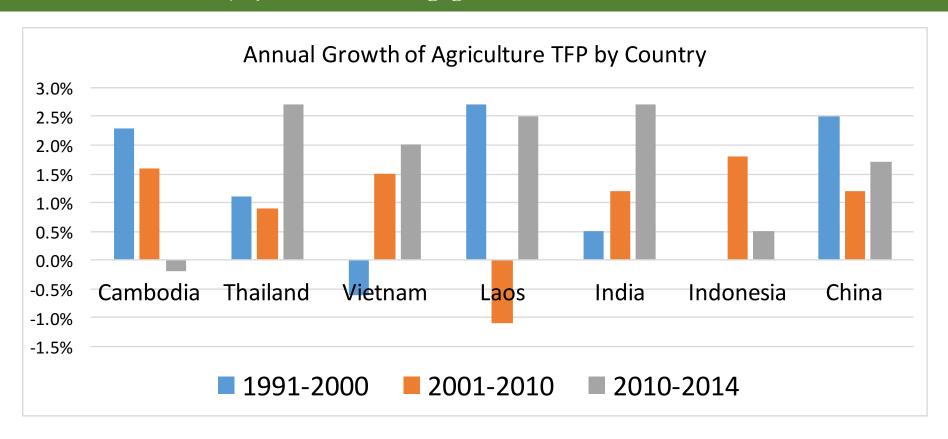
### Human capital plays important roles to promote labor productivity; however human capital in Cambodia remains low..

- Building the human capital of smallholder farmers can raise productivity, increase livelihoods and improve food security.
- It plays a critical role in agricultural growth and development.
- Human capital determines the **quality of the labour force** that can be employed in innovative activities.



Source: World Bank

Cambodia experienced negative growth of total factor of productivity while other countries enjoyed the strong growth.....



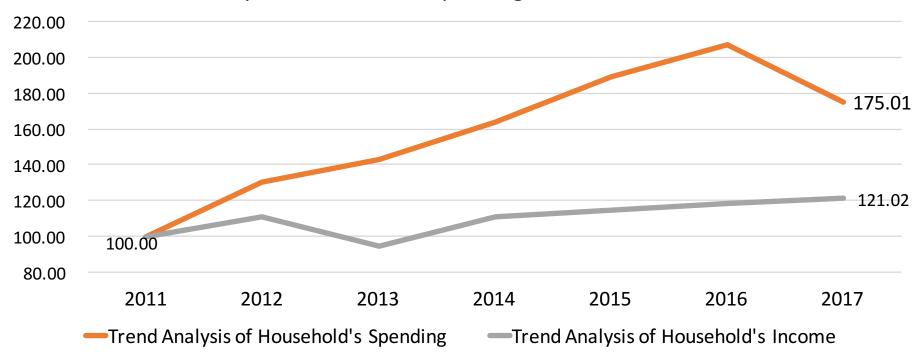
Source: GFPR 2018

#### Inefficiency of agriculture inputs use and mechanization

- Study showed that **LOSS** during harvest of paddy rice is very significant—around **150-200kg** per hectare—equivalent to around **USD 300 million/annum**.
- Despite no concrete number, past field consultation showed that farmers don't appropriately use agriculture inputs (fertilizer, pesticide and amount of seeds).

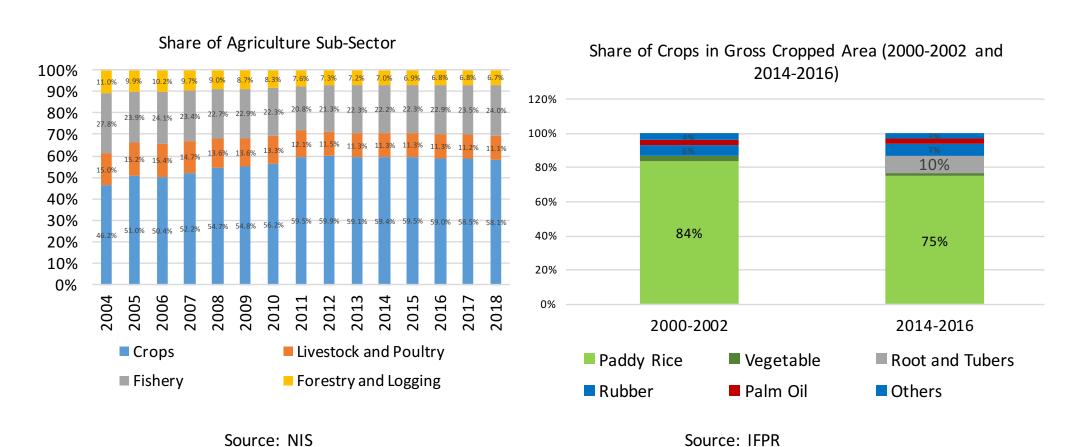
### The inefficiency of agriculture input use and mechanization could be explained by diverging trend of household's income and spending...

Trend Analysis of Household Spending and Household's Income



Source: CSES

### Slower growth of diversification has explained the reasons of declining growth of TFP Cambodia's Agriculture....



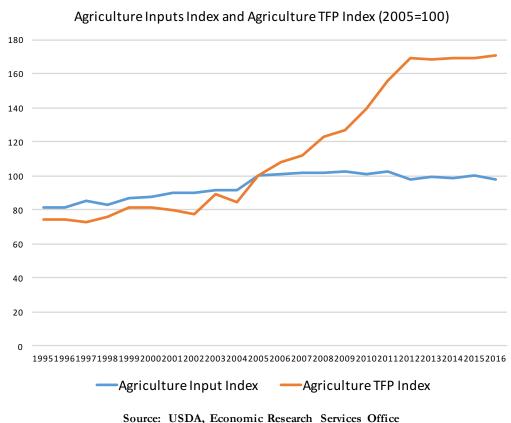
#### Overall, decelerating growth of agriculture over the last five years would be reflected by the stagnant growth of both Agriculture Inputs and Agriculture TFP

#### **Agriculture Inputs:**

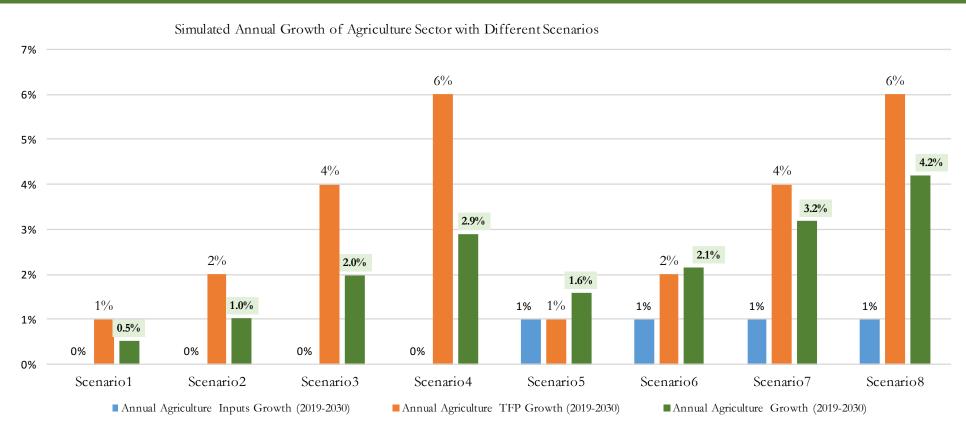
- o Land
- o Labor
- o Livestock Capital
- Machinery Capital
- o Fertilizer
- o Feed

#### **Agriculture Total Factor Productivity:**

Degree of Efficiency of Utilizing Agriculture Inputs



### The growth pattern would be on the upward trend with the increase of both Agriculture Inputs and Agriculture TFP....



Source: Simulated by Researcher by Utilizing Data from USDA, Economic Research Services Office

4. Policy Recommendations

### Constraint and Opportunity of Boosting Agriculture Productivity

Constraints

Agriculture Productivity (Quantity or Quality)

Opportunities

Limited Land Expansion

Concern about Environmental Sustainability

Shortage of Labor and Increase of Labor Cost

Rising Demand of Safe and Quality Food

Expected natural land consolidation

Rapid Development of Technology

#### **Increase Land Productivity**



- 1. Rationalize and harmonize irrigation scheme.
- 2. Improve land quality, enforce land zoning and natural consolidation.
- 3. Further invest in R&D in good quality seeds and supply in the affordable manner.
- 4. Enforce the agriculture input quality control.

#### **Enhance Labor Productivity**



- 1. Provide demand driven extension services through PPP approach.
- 2. Strategically focus on relatively niche product with higher value add rather than mass product.
- 3. Promote basic education and agro-entrepreneurship of farmers.
- 4. Unlock the potential of technology and educate farmers to utilize it.

#### Accelerate TFP Growth



- 1. Optimize the use of agriculture inputs
- 2. Increase efficiency of mechanization through training to machinery (tractors) drivers.
- 3. Promote diversification of agriculture commodities.
- 4. Improve the infrastructure linkage and harmonization of planning and implementation

#### Thanks for Your Attention!!!!